चावल : चावल के मूल्य में 25-1-1989 से निम्नवत संशोधन किया गया :

	सार्वजनिक वितरण के माध्यम से आपूर्ति		समेकित आदिवासी विकास कार्यक्रम के माध्यम से आपूर्ति	
	(दर रु० प्रति क्विंटल)			
	से	तक	से	तक
कामन	239.00	244.00	160.00	194.00
फाइन	264.00	304.00	183.00	254.00
सुपर फाइन	279.00	325.00	198.00	275.00

आयातित खाद्य तेल

आयातित खाद्य तेलों में केन्द्रीय निर्गम मूल्य में 1-9-1988 से निम्नवत संशोधन किए गए हैं :—

	(रु. प्रति मी. टन)	
	से	तक
थोक में आपूर्ति	11000	13150
दोनों में आपूर्ति	12500	14500

चीनी : लेवी चीनी के खुदरा मूल्य को 1-1-1989 से 5.10 रु. प्रति कि. ग्रा. से संशोधित करके 5.25 रु. प्रति कि. ग्रा. कर दिया गया है।

(ग) इस बात के प्रयास किए जा रहे हैं कि आवश्यक उपभोक्ताओं को ये आवश्यक वस्तुएं देश भर में फली उचित दर की दुकानों के लिए नियत दरों पर तथा बाजार से कम मूल्यों पर उपलब्ध की जायें।

Construction of Houses for Poor in Metropolitan Cities

456. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the amount spent in Delhi during the last three years and the current year till date on construction of houses for the poor, environmental impovement in Jhuggi Jhoupari areas development of plots, construction of night shelters and re-development of Shahajahanadad in Delhi, separately;

(b) the amount spent on Bombay, Calcutta and Madras separately, under the heads mentioned in part (a) above;

(c) the amount likely to be spent on these schemes during the next three years; and

(d) the details of the progress made regarding these schemes?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) The amount spent on various items is given in the Annexure (*See* Appendix CXLIX, Annexure No. 15].

(b) The amount spent is as under:—

Year	Bombay	Calcutta	Madras
		(Rs. in lakhs)	
1985-86	418.32	586.00	1050.57
1986-87	942.08	617.00	2200.53
1987-88	1651.09	750.00	1235.35
1988-89 (likely)	2470.42	1135.00	3498.73

(c) Will depend upon the budget provisions and pace of implementation.

(d) I. Delhi.

(1) 20185 flats constructed under Slum Clearance Scheme. (2) 13 night shelter are being operated and 3,000 people are taking advantage of stay at night. (3) 4.13 lakh jhuggie dwellers have been covered by provision of facilities under the scheme of environment improvement in jhuggie clusters.

II. Bombay.

(1) Environmental improvement done for 89,,500, 1,84;000 and 1,89,000 persons during the years 1985-86; 1986-87 and 1987-88 respectively.

(2) 1073 and 8204 plots developed during the years 1985-86 and 1986-87 respectively and 9191 plots and 133 pitches developed during the year 1987-88.

III. Calcutta.

(1) 260, 1269 and 200 houses constructed for the poor during the years 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 respectively.

(2) Environmental improvement done for 1,20.000 73,370 and 43,280 persons during the years 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 respectively.

(3) 593 plots developed during the year 1985-86 and 3,377 plots provided to the poor during the years 1986-87, and 1987-88.

IV. Madas.

(1) 3012, 4688 and 2800 houses constructed for the poor during the years 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 respectively.

(2) Environmental improvement of urban slum affected for 3570, 5600 and 8000 units during the years 1985-86, 1986-87and 1987-88 respectively.

(3) 9,995, 12,650 and 7,723 plots developed during the years 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 respectively.

अनाज का सुरक्षित भंडार

457. **सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा :**
श्री राम जेठमलानी :

क्या खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि अनाज का सुरक्षित भंडार 10 मिलियन टन रखना निश्चित किया गया है,